Scientific Writing in English: Techniques and Tools

Corpus Linguistics in Scientific Writing Part IV

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Questions

- What makes a phrase or text sound natural?
 - How to recognize a natural vs. an unnatural phrase/text?
 - How to write natural/fluent text?
 - What computational tools does Corpus Linguistics offers us?
 - Write better?

Language

- Made up of prefabricated "chunks"
 - Fixed or semi-fixed
 - combinations of words
 - Master them
 - language sounds
 - natural
 - fluent

Types of "Chunks"

- Colligations
- Collocations

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Colligations

- Combinations of words
 - in grammatical categories
 - e. g., verb, noun, preposition

Examples 1. LOOK + preposition He was looking at component He was looking for the answer **2. BELIEVE + that clause** He believed that he would survive **3.** TRY + to infinitive He tried to run the marathon

Collocations

Words "strung" together as units
Will sounds "right" to native speaker
E. g., "dream + about/of" (instead of "dream + with")

Types of Collocations

- Verbal
- Nominal
- Adjectival
- Adverbial

Example: Verbal

Nouns can be subject or object of verb 1. N + V "The team identified the problem..." 2. V + N "Our group has done the research.." **Example:** Nominal Nouns as compounds 1.N + N"There is little research data related to obesity and THR" 2.N + of + N"From the patient's point of view, they are likely to have little expectation that you can solve their problem" Ethel Schuster, Ph.D.

Example: Adjectival

- Adjectives combine with certain nouns 1. Adj + N
- "They conducted a longitudinal study of 54 children from first through fourth grades"
- "The present/current study employed both elicited and spontaneous language measures"

Example: Adverbial

- Verbs and adjectives combine with certain adverbs
- Order is usually fixed
 "He had a fairly extensive knowledge of the colonies and their operation"
 "Although widely acknowledged among
- traditional cultures, sleep paralysis is one of the most ..."

Exception: Order NOT Fixed

- Areas with overlapping high values could be carefully studied through risk assessment.
- The team carefully studied every part of the virus.
- I'm carefully studying my setup and becoming very familiar with it.
- This material should be approached with an open mind, studied carefully and critically considered.
- The question would have to be studied carefully first.

Binomials

- Two words belonging to same grammatical category
- For example, verbs, nouns, adjectives, linked by conjunction or preposition

Order?

 Reversible = order can be inverted social or political or political or social
 Irreversible = order is fixed come and go or better or worse

Corpus Linguistics

- Based on assumption that language is probabilistic
 - certain combinations of words have higher probability of occurring than others, although these other ones may be perfectly grammatical

Examples

- Why should *increase or decrease* be more recurrent that *decrease or increase*?
- Why is *results suggest* much more frequent than *results suggested* in academic language?
- Why is *fill the gap* preferred to *bridge* the gap in academic discourse although latter is recurrent in everyday language?

Corpus of Contemporary American English (COCA)

- Corpus with over 460 million words, with texts ranging from 1990 to the current year (they are updated annually)
- Covered genres: from spoken language and fiction to journalistic and academic
- www.americancorpus.org

Using COCA

- Main tool available on both sites is a concordancer
 - Brings you ALL occurrences in corpus of the word you are studying
 - Called KWIC (Keyword In Context) concordance, because word is shown in context

Let's use it!

- Sample words
- Suggestions
- See tutorials

Resources for you

Scientific writing one-stop-shop

http://sciwrite1stopshop.blogspot.com.br/

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