

USPGameDev

Desafios de Computação no Desenvolvimento de Jogos

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Vinícius e Wilson

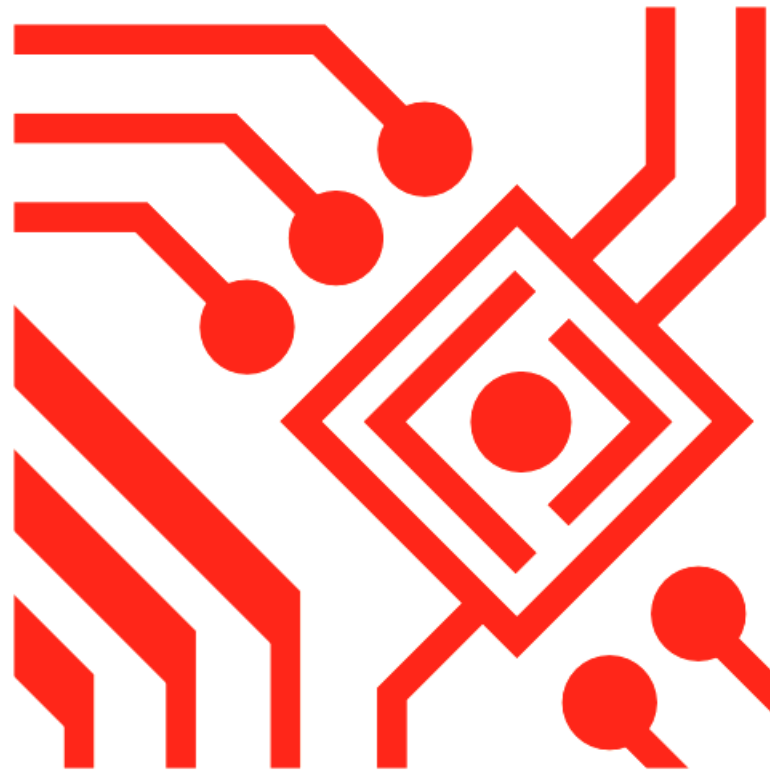
www.uspgamedev.org

MAC 101
23/06/2015

Quem somos



Jogos digitais



Estrutura básica

Programas interativos



Execução sem fim

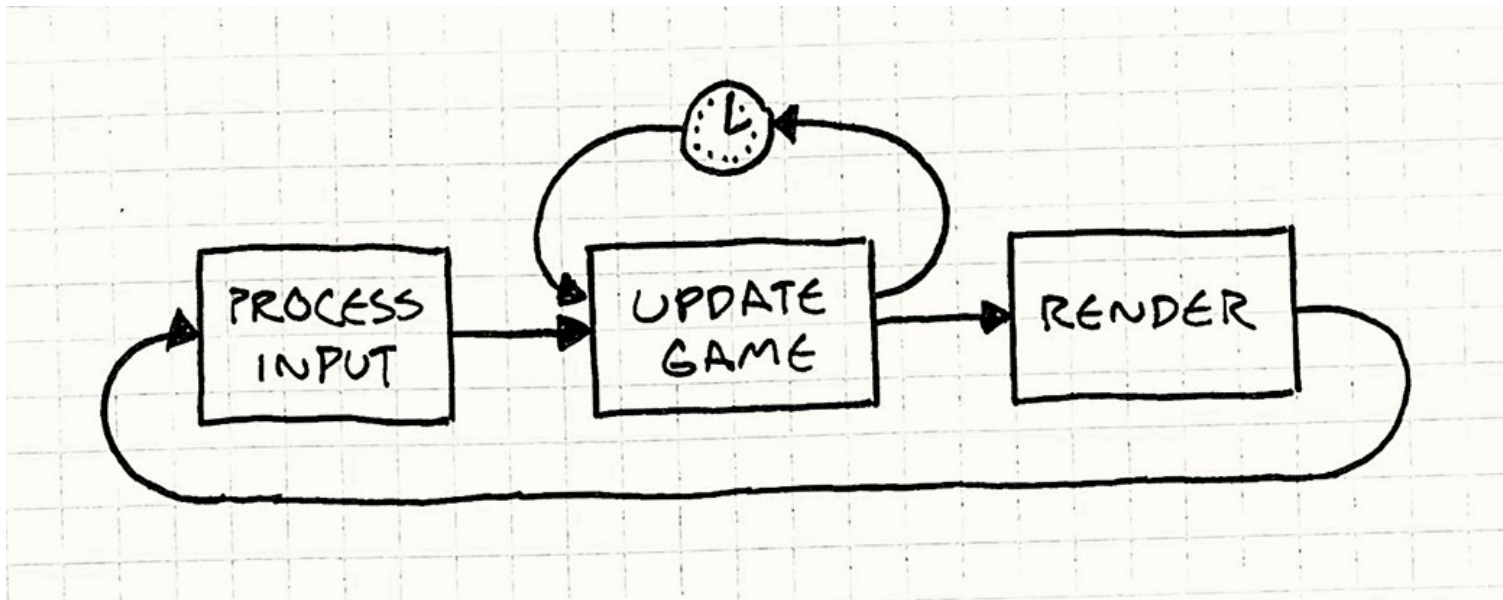


Detecção de eventos



Controle de tempo

Game Loop



Fonte: <http://gameprogrammingpatterns.com/game-loop.html>

Disciplinas relacionadas

- **Nenhuma**
(Modelagem e Simulação?)

Jogos digitais



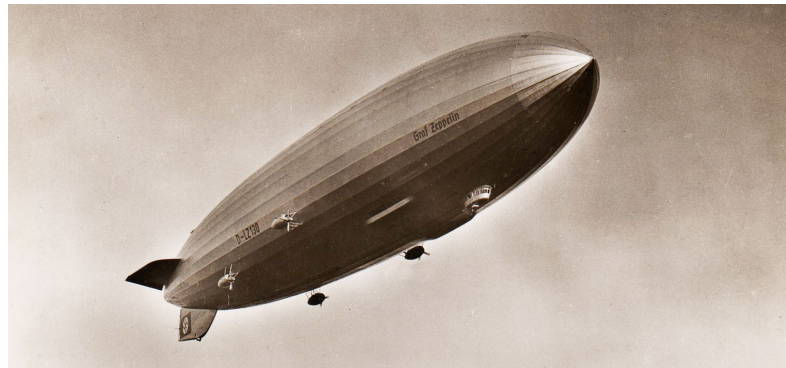
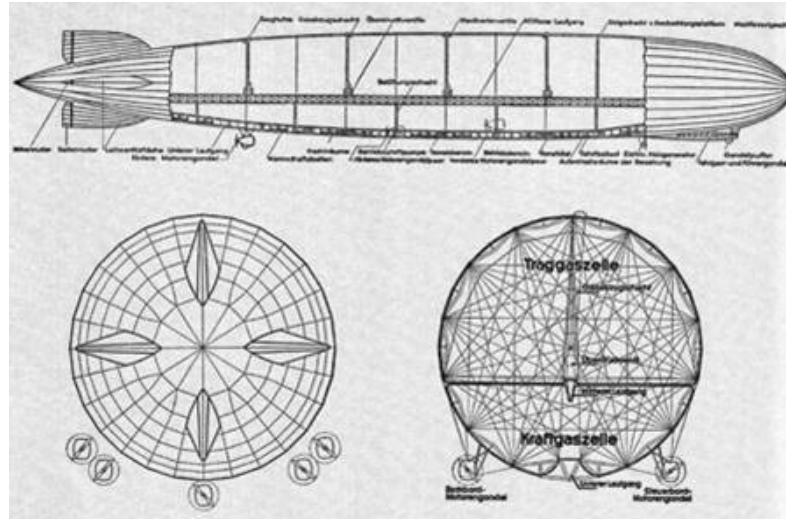
Orientação a objetos

Classes e instâncias

Como organizar os tipos de elementos do jogo?



Classes e instâncias



Fonte: <http://www.airships.net/lz-130-graf-zeppelin>

Disciplinas relacionadas

- **Lab. Prog. 2***
- **P00**
- **Eng. Soft***
- **Lab. XP**

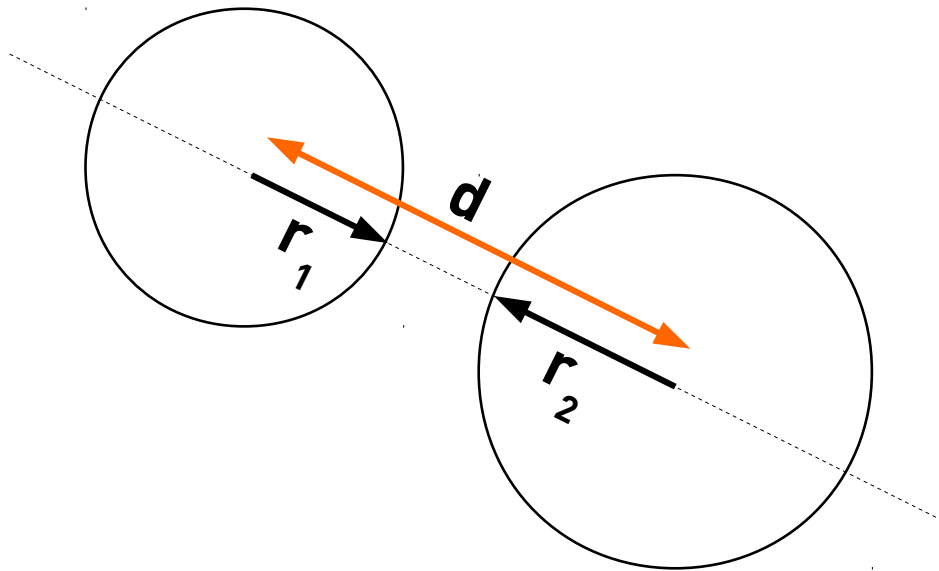
Simulando Física



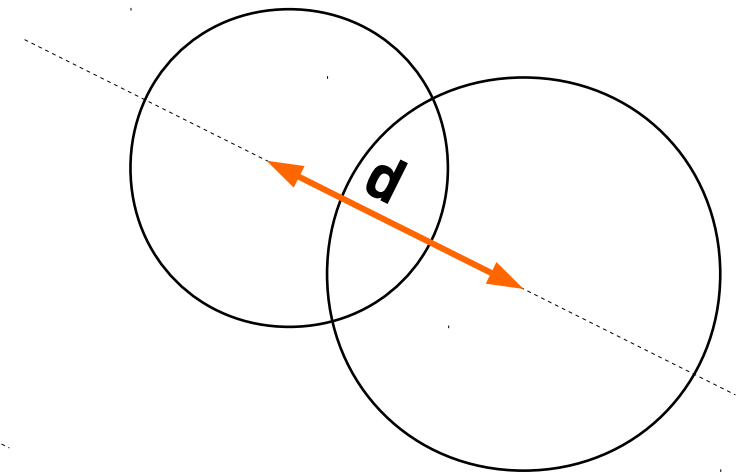
Colisões

Casos fáceis

Círculos



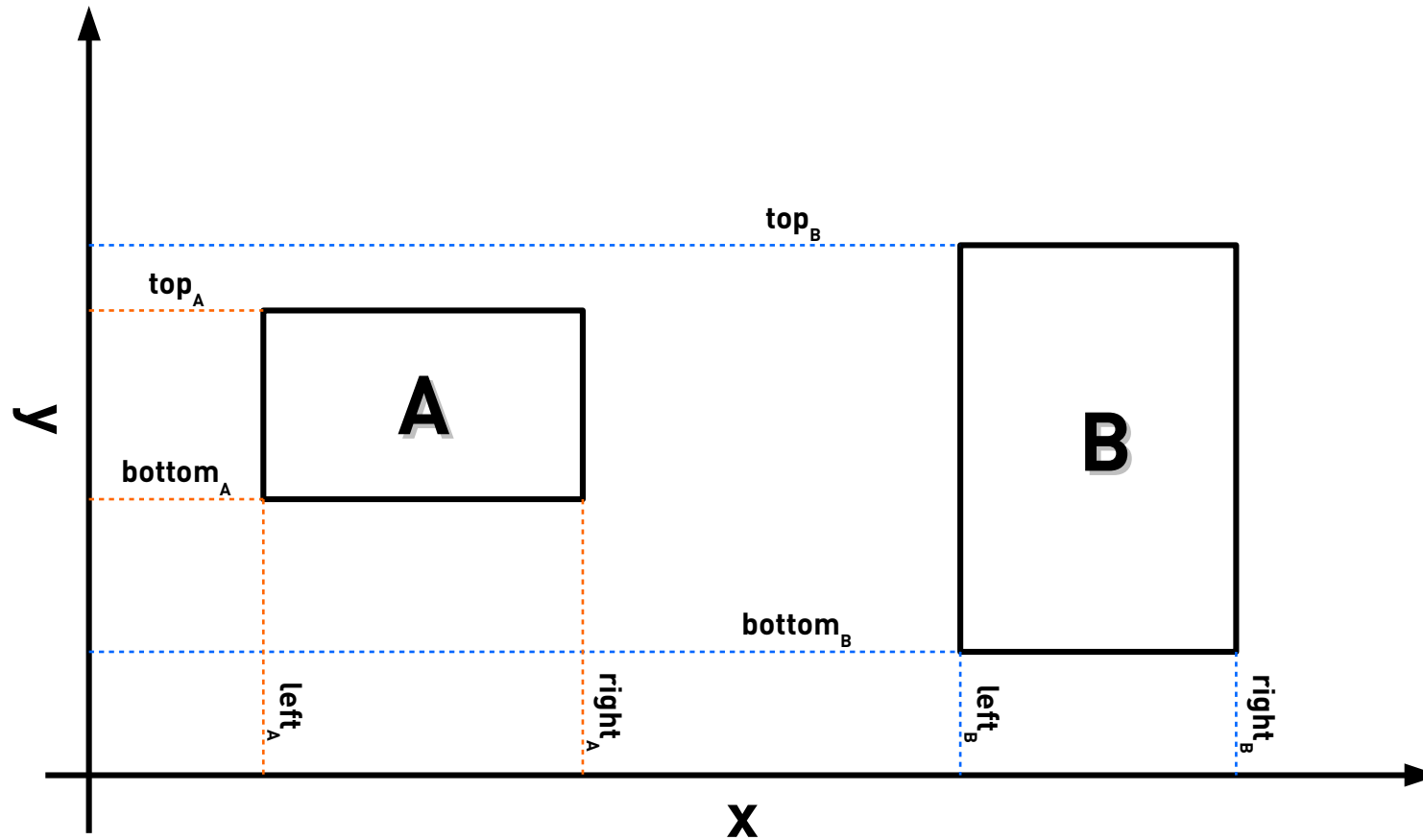
$$d > r_1 + r_2$$



$$d \leq r_1 + r_2$$

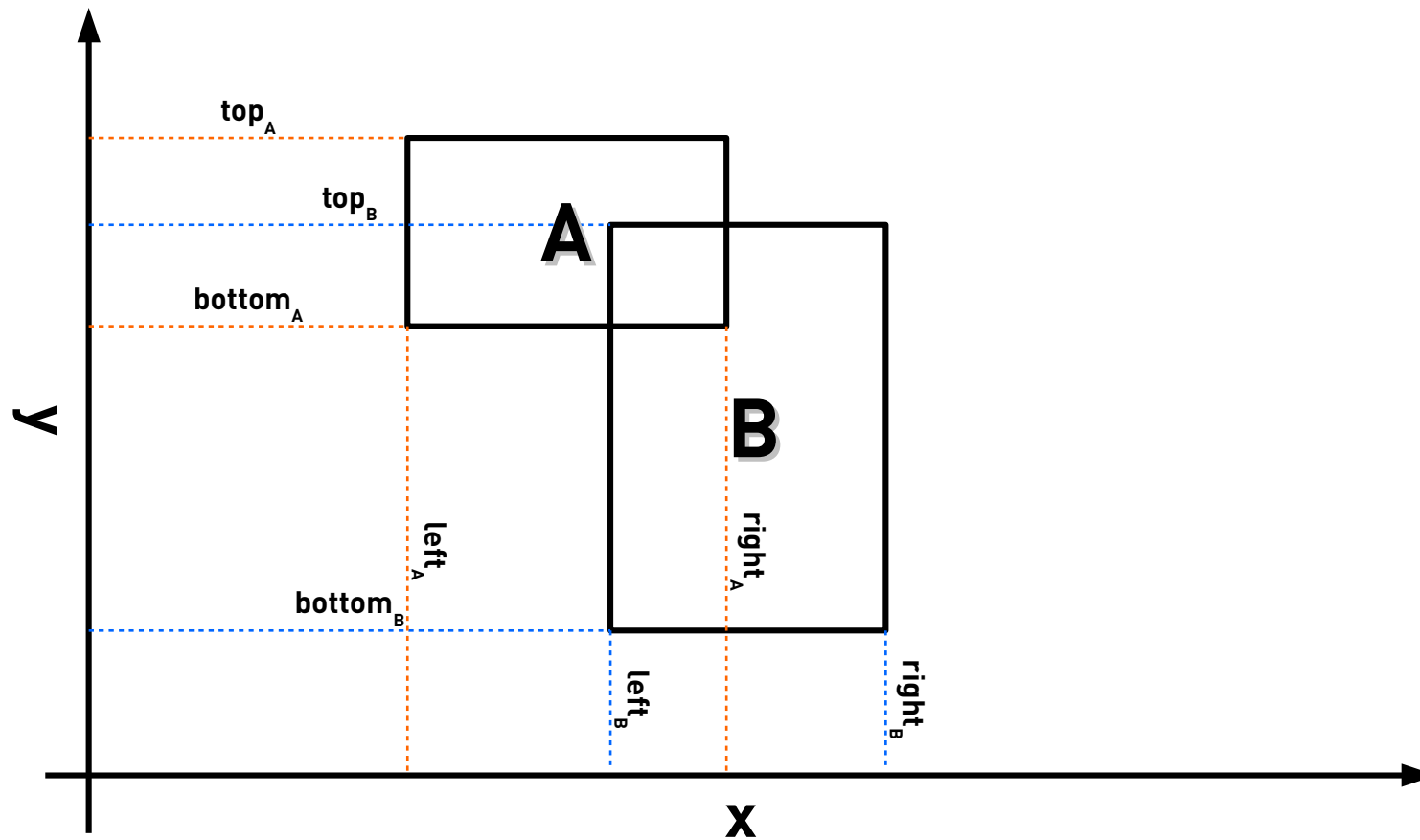
Casos fáceis

Axis-aligned bounding boxes



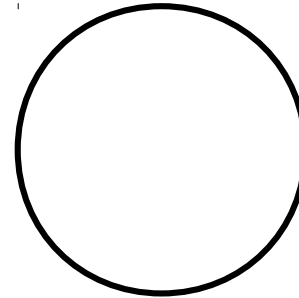
Casos fáceis

Axis-aligned bounding boxes



Círculo vs. retângulo

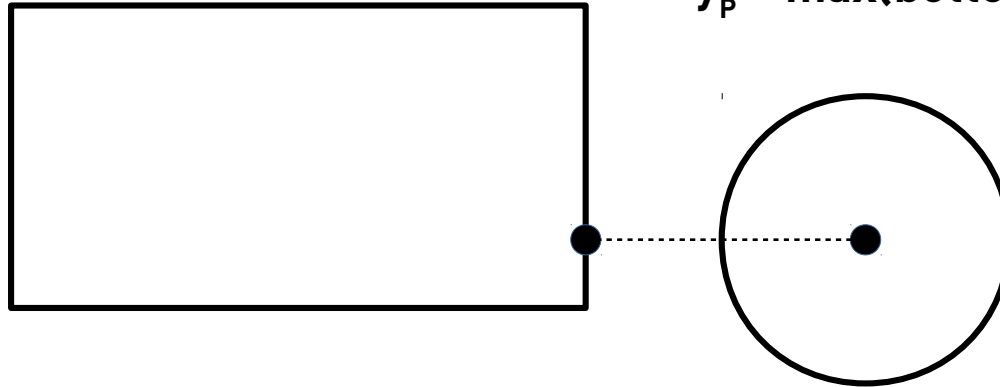
Vamos assumir uma AABB



Círculo vs. retângulo

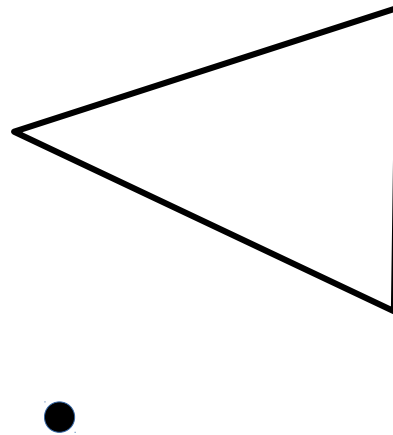
Ponto do retângulo mais próximo da circunferência

$$x_p = \max(\text{left}, \min(\text{right}, x_c))$$
$$y_p = \max(\text{bottom}, \min(\text{top}, y_c))$$



Ponto vs. Polígono convexo

Como saber se o ponto está dentro?



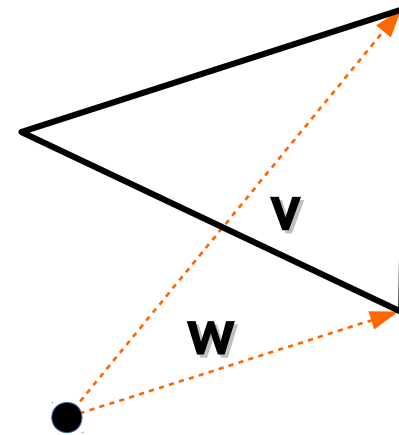
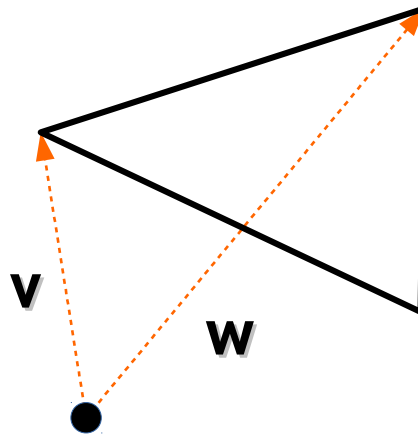
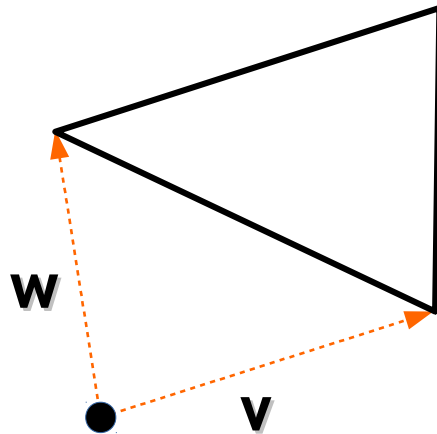
Ponto vs. Polígono convexo

Produto vetorial

$$\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w} = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ v_x & v_y & 0 \\ w_x & w_y & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} v_x & v_y \\ w_x & w_y \end{vmatrix} k$$

Ponto vs. Polígono convexo

Comparamos aresta por aresta



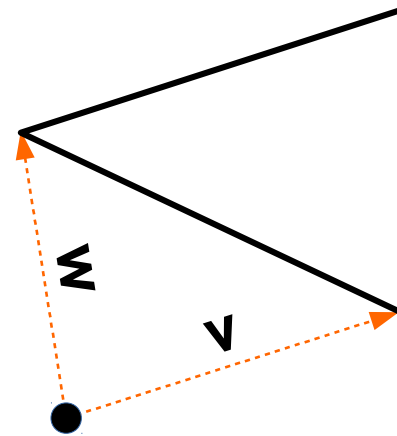
Ponto vs. Polígono convexo

Usamos o sinal do determinante!

$$\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{w} = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ v_x & v_y & 0 \\ w_x & w_y & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} v_x & v_y \\ w_x & w_y \end{vmatrix} k$$

Está fora se $\begin{vmatrix} v_x & v_y \\ w_x & w_y \end{vmatrix} > 0 \iff v_x w_y - v_y w_x > 0$

$\iff v_x w_y > v_y w_x$ (!!!!)



Disciplinas relacionadas

- **Vetores e geometria**
- **Alg. Lin.**
- **Geo. Comp.**
- **CG**

Simulando Física



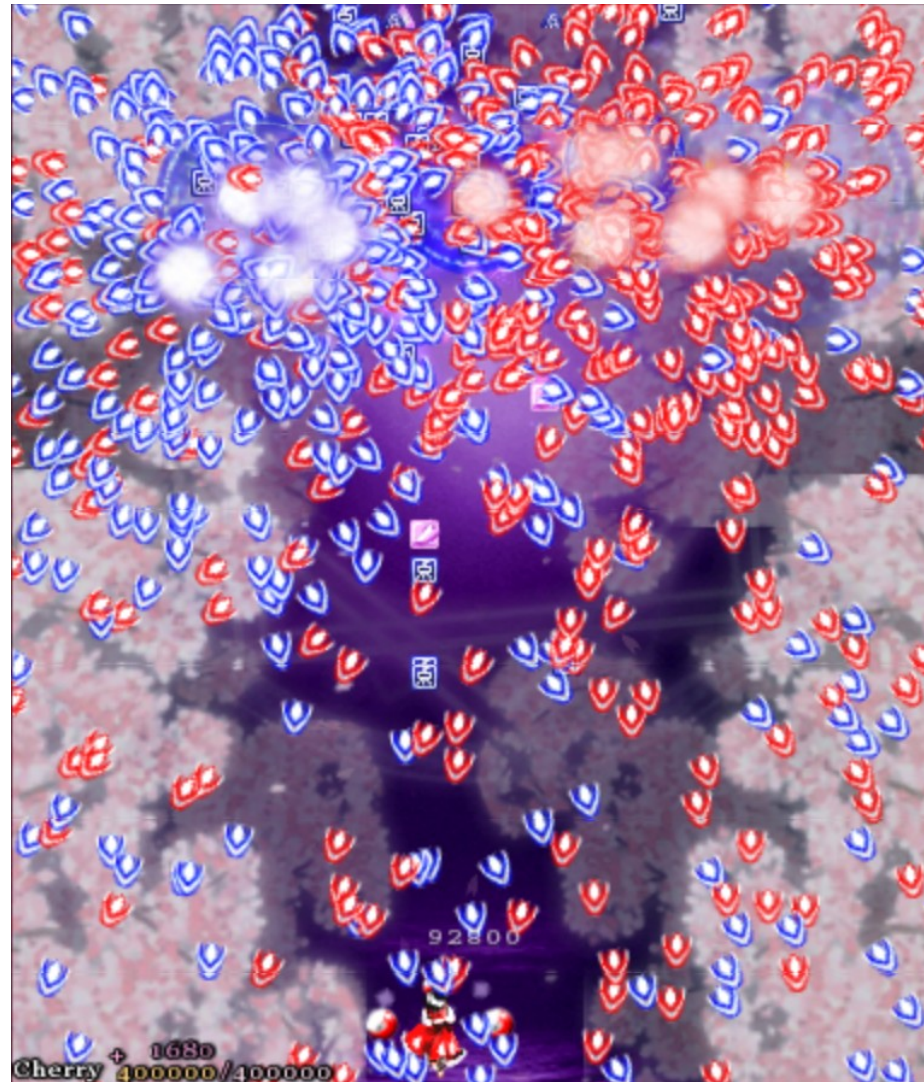
Detectar objetos próximos

Implementação ingênua

Todos contra todos

<i>Colide?</i>	obj2	obj3	obj4	...
obj1	?	?	?	?
obj2		?	?	?
obj3			?	?
...				?

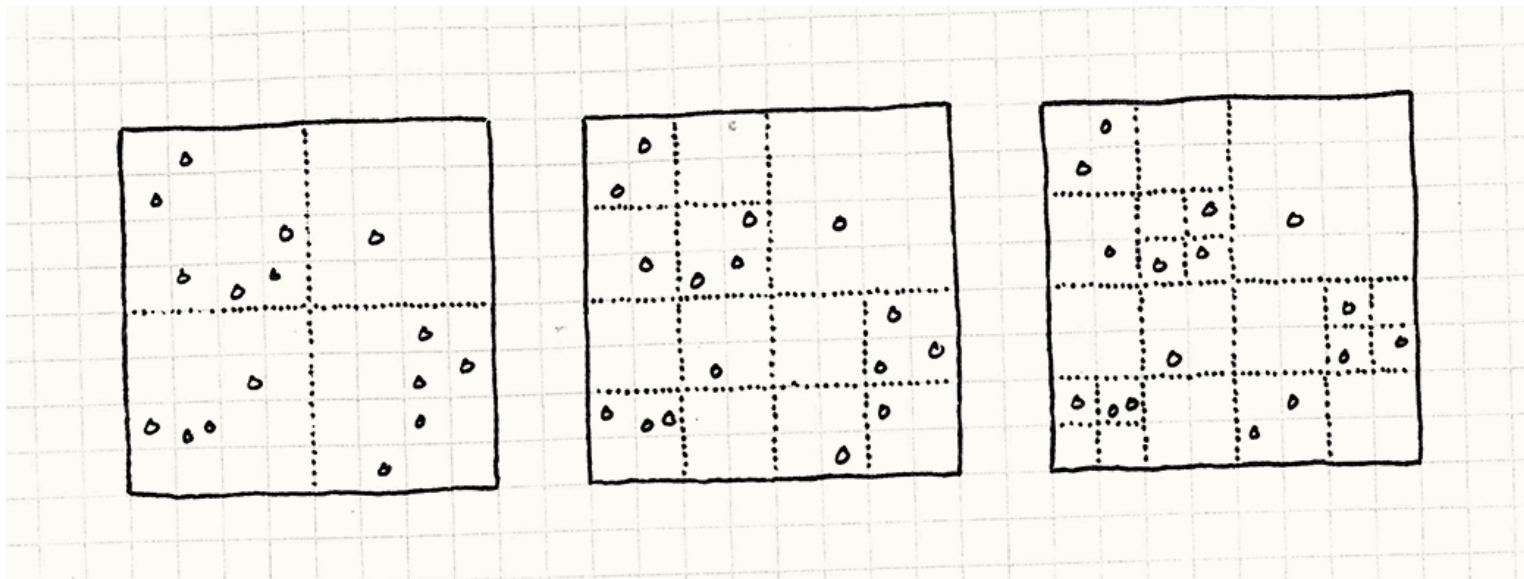
Implementação ingênua



Partição espacial

A ideia é agrupar objetos próximos

Exemplo: Quad-Tree



Fonte: <http://gameprogrammingpatterns.com/spatial-partition.html>

Partição espacial

Outras estruturas conhecidas:

- **Grade fixa**
- **K-Dimensional Tree**
- **Interval K-Dimensional Tree**
- **Binary Space Partitioning Tree**
- **R-Tree**

Disciplinas relacionadas

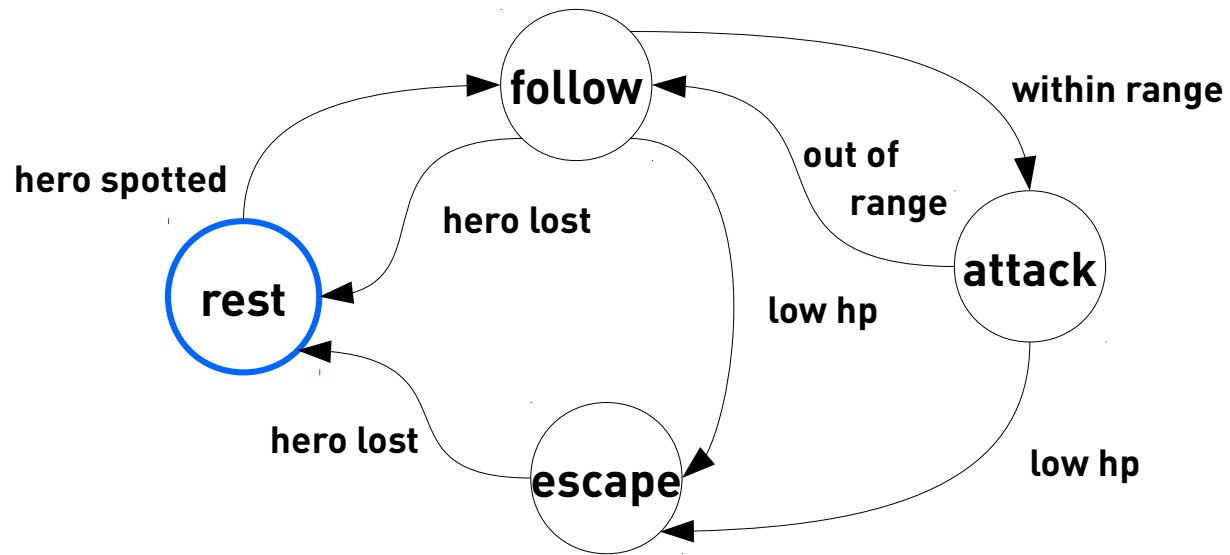
- Alg. e EDs I e II
- Análise de Alg.
- CG

Inteligência Artificial



Definindo comportamentos

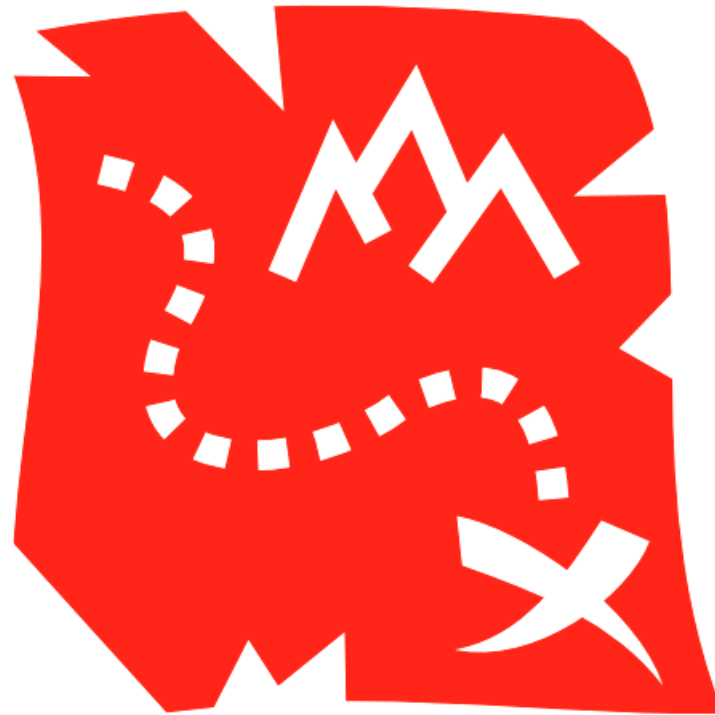
Máquina de Estados Finita



Disciplinas relacionadas

- **Autômatos**
- **IA**
- **Complexidade Comp**

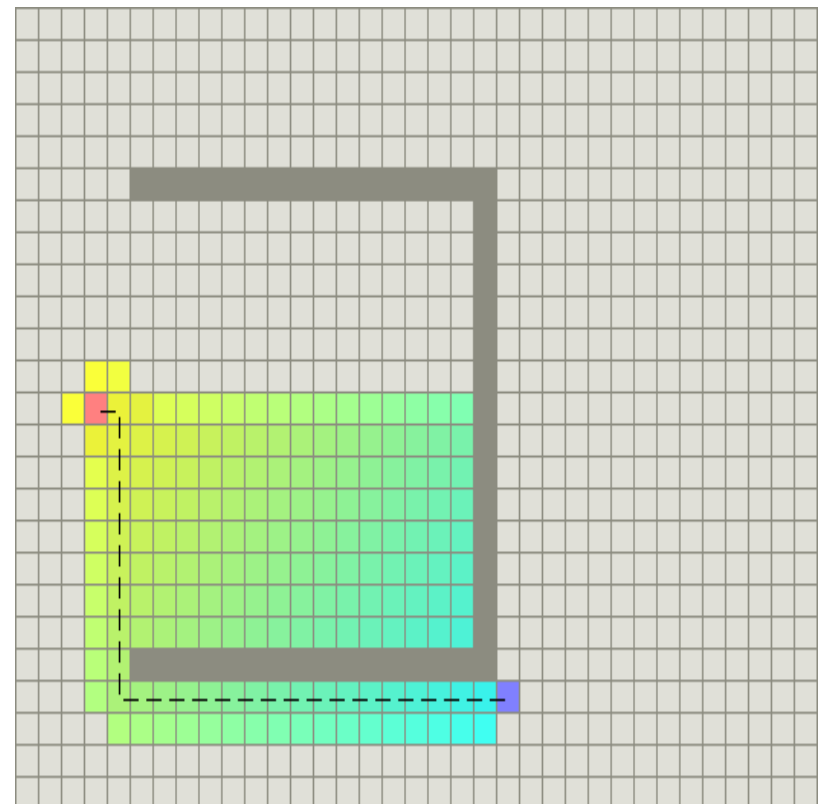
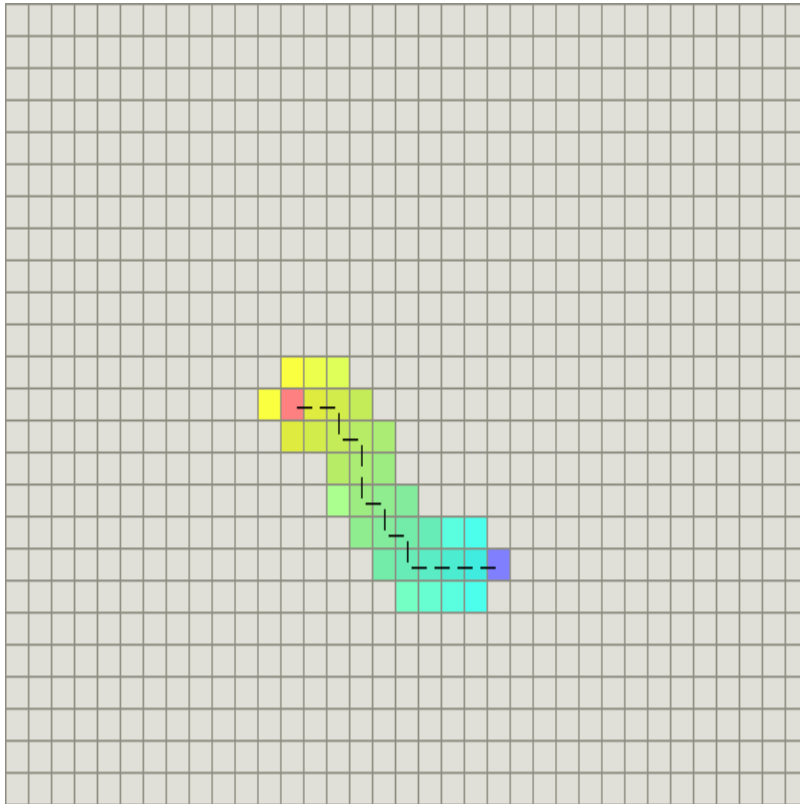
Inteligência Artificial



Path-finding

Algoritmo A*

Variação do algoritmo de Dijkstra



<http://theory.stanford.edu/~amitp/GameProgramming/>

Disciplinas relacionadas

- Alg. e EDs I e II
- IA
- Alg. em Grafos

Renderização

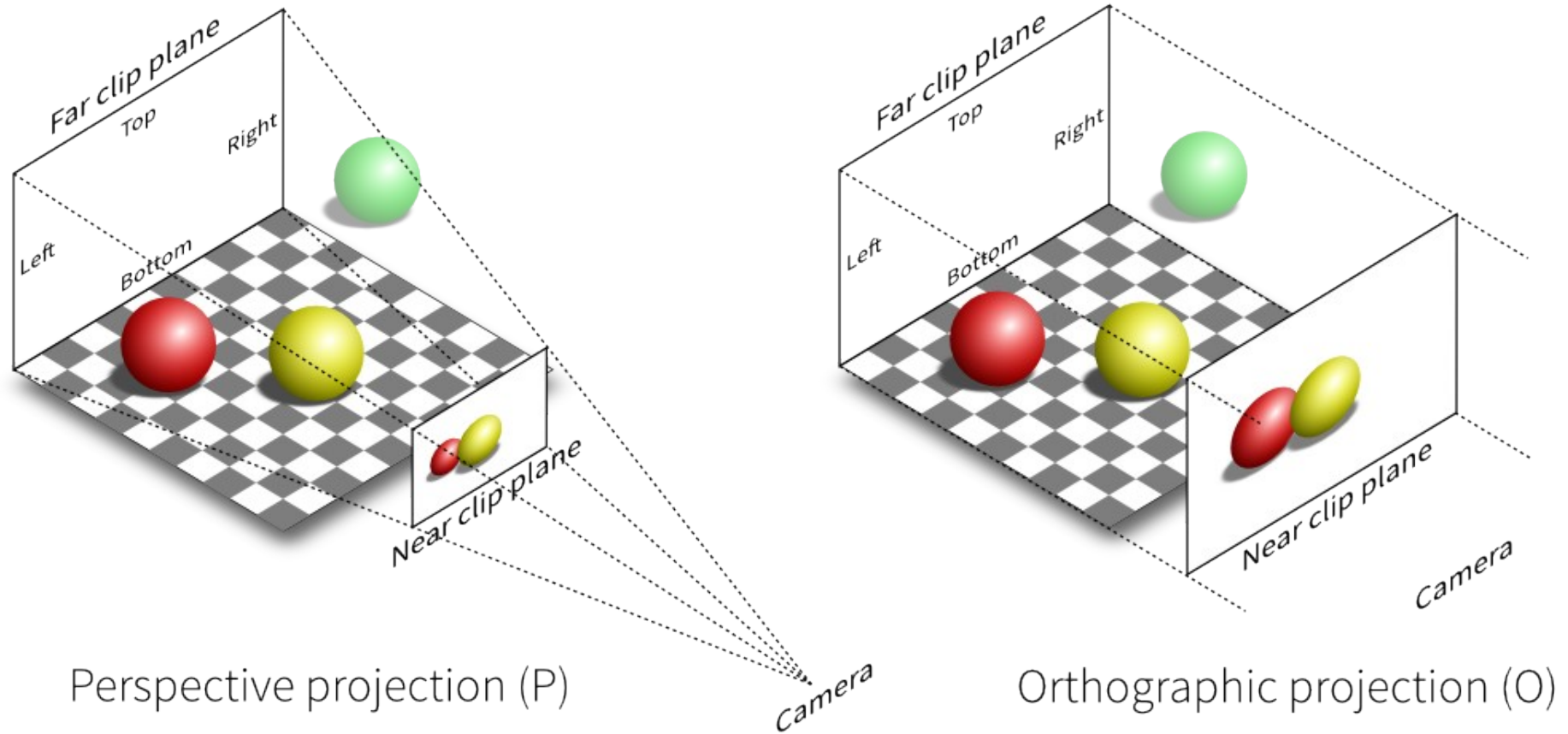


Apresentando o jogo

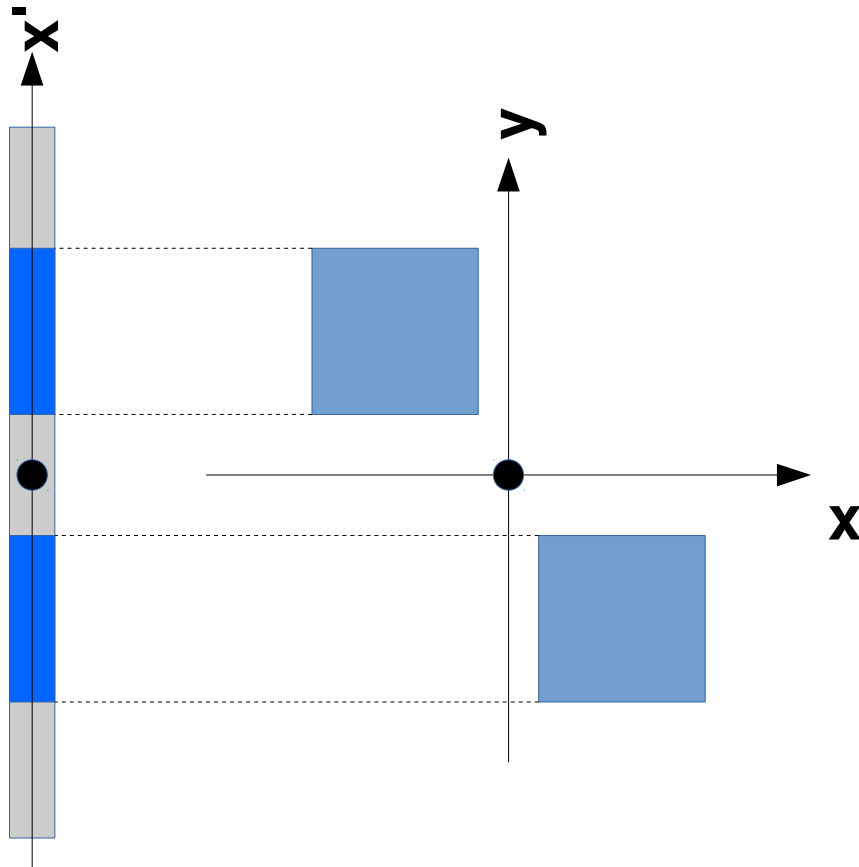
Spritesheets



Projeções tridimensionais



Projeções tridimensionais



Transformação Linear:

$$T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$T(v+u) = T(v) + T(u)$$

$$T(k.v) = k.T(v)$$

$$T(0) = 0$$

Transformação Afim:

$$P: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$P(v) = T(v) + p$$

$$P(0) = p$$

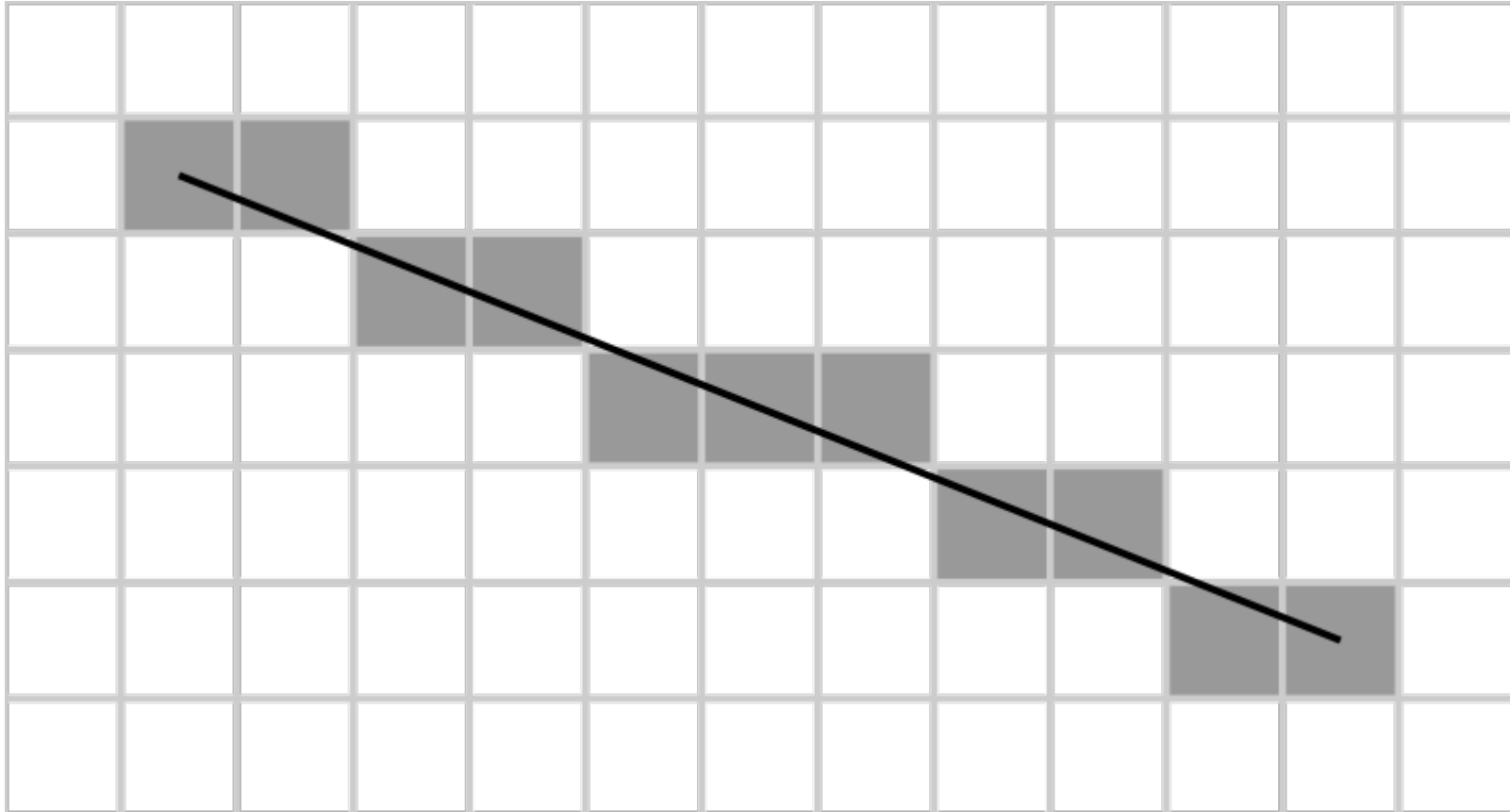
Projeções tridimensionais

Coordenadas homogêneas

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b & u \\ c & d & v \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} ax + by + u \\ cx + dy + v \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a & b & 0 \\ c & d & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b & u \\ c & d & v \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} ax + by \\ cx + dy \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Rasterização



Disciplinas relacionadas

- **Vetores e Geom.**
- **Alg. Lin.**
- **Lab. Métodos Num.**
- **CG**

Conteúdo procedimental



Autômatos celulares

Gramáticas

Regras

$A \rightarrow ABA$

$B \rightarrow CC$

Expansão

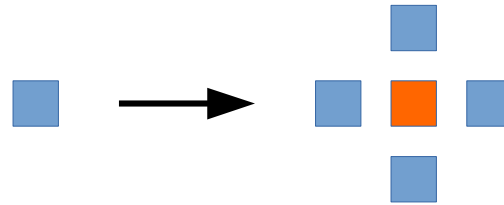
1) A

2) ABA

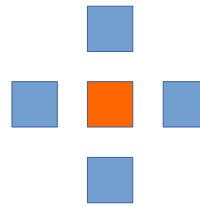
3) ABACCABA

4) ABACCABACCABACCABA

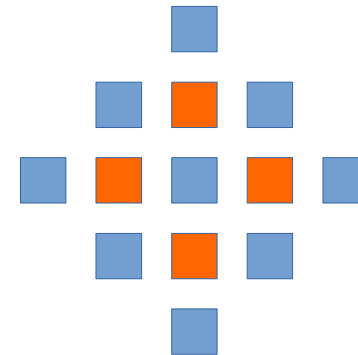
Autômato celular



1



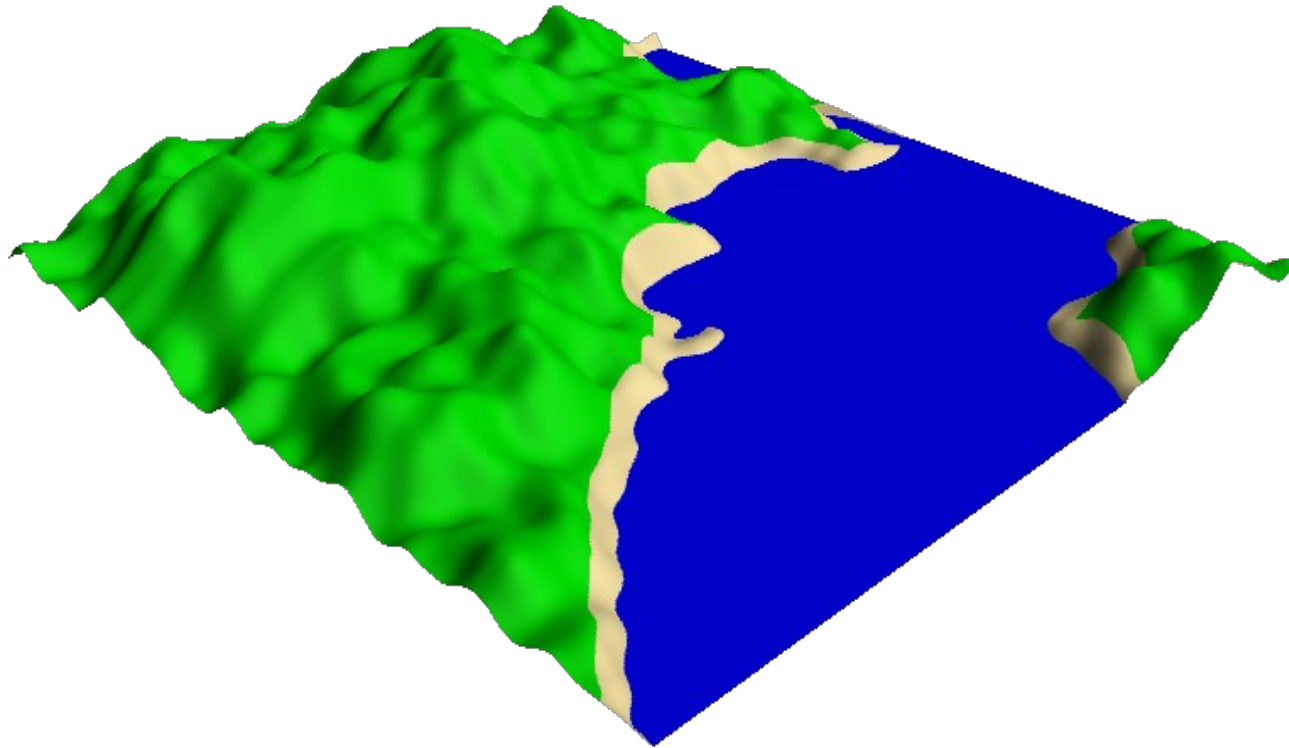
2



3

Conteúdo procedural

Outros algoritmo: Noise



Disciplinas relacionadas

- **Autômatos**
- **Modelagem e Sim. (?)**
- **CG**

Unlimited Slide Works

Obrigado!

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Unlimited Slide Works

- **Networking**
 - **Peer-2-peer (Age of Empires)**
 - **Client/Server (QuakeWorld)**
- **Shaders**
- **Multithreading**